Whooshh Innovations

River Connectivity

FLEXIBLE, ADAPTABLE UPSTREAM PASSAGE (FOR REINTRODUCTION)



AGENDA

Reintroduction - context Upstream specifics Traditional solutions/limitations New approach

- Example
- Temporary vs permanent

Comparisons Conclusions



REINTRODUCTION CHALLENGES

- Initiation "seeding the reach"
- Upstream migration*
- Downstream migration
- Survival
 - Habitat
 - Predation*
 - Competition*

* Whooshh applications



UPSTREAM PASSAGE ISSUES

Cost

- Capital cost
- O&M considerations

Fish volume

- Short term vs long term
- Ability to scale

Time: Planning, design, implementation Site specific issues

- Attraction
- Entry
- Routing
- Exit



TRADITIONAL SOLUTIONS AND LIMITATIONS Ladders, Trap and Haul, Fish Lifts Cost Planning Efficacy/efficiency, delays Selective passage difficult Routing and siting limitations The adaptive management quandary



WHOOSHH FTS

Volitional	Fish enter on their own
Selective	Automatic removal of unwanted species
Safe	No harm to fish health, migration or spawning
Timely	Transports in seconds, minimal fish effort
Efficient	Scalable for high capacity
Affordable	80% capital savings, 50% O&M savings
Autonomous	No operator presence needed
Flexible	Adaptive management possibilities



What is in a Whooshh System?

— Tailrace Entry Tube Run Forebay Exit





Volitional WFTS Fish Passage



Chinook and Coho to hatchery raceways at Prosser



Chinook and Steelhead to pool at Ringold





Sockeye River to Reservoir, ~1700 ft at Cle Elum Dam

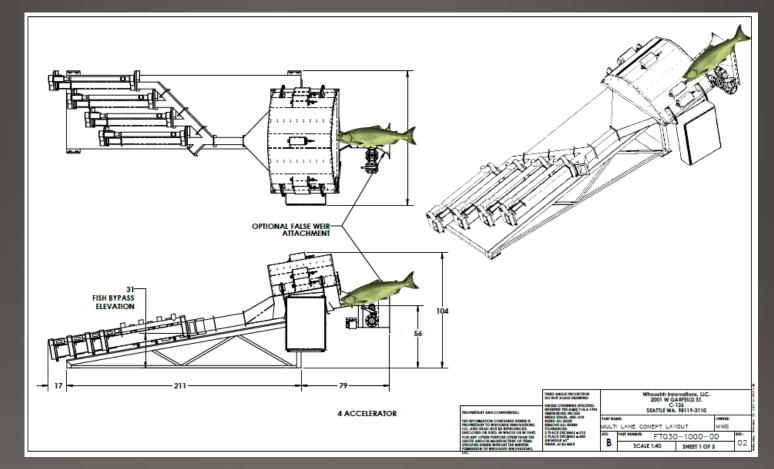
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Modular Entry System

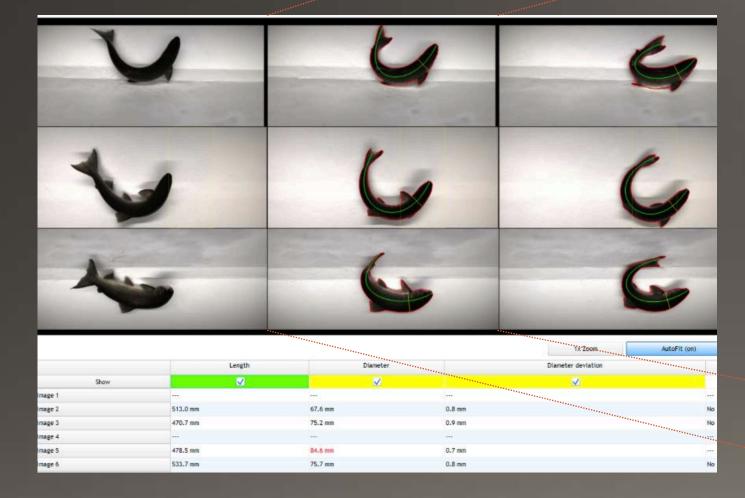
Volitional Entry
Machine Vision
Scanning
Automated Sorting

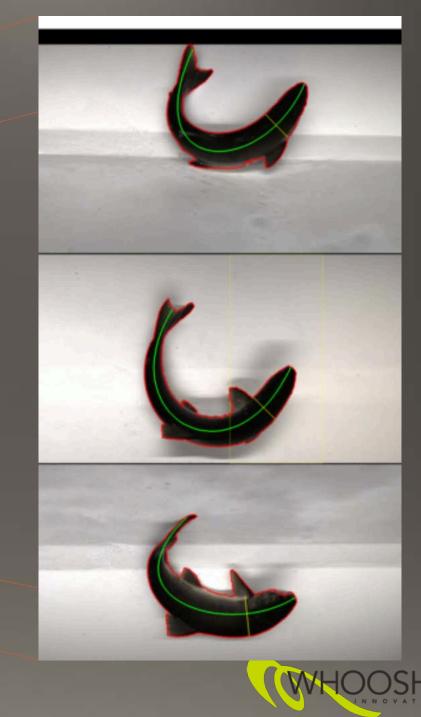
- Inputs
- Bypass
- Transport

Accelerator(s)



Machine Vision Scanning

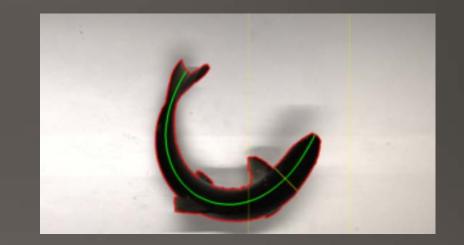




Scanning Capabilities

Current Measurements

- Size(Girth, Width, Length)
- Speciation by (Girth, Length)
- Upcoming Developments
- Hatchery vs. Wild
 - Adipose fin presence detection
 - Testing Summer 2018
- Speciation
 - Morphometrics
 - Color
 - Pattern recognition/machine learning
 - (Asian Carp Testing Q4 2018-Q1 2019)





TUBE RUN

Tube Transit **Booster Station** Mini-Accelerator Allows tubes to be coupled in series Allows long tube transports without pressure drop







DECELERATION & EXIT

Linear Deceleration In-tube Speed monitoring Flow modulation Controlled Speed < 25 ft/s Gentle Exit Floating options Fixed or variable locations







CLE ELUM PILOT





WHAT WOULD PERMANENT INSTALLATION LOOK LIKE?

Entry System Tube Support & Protection Exit Options





Volitional Entry Options:

• Fishways

- Denil Fishway
- (Short) Pool & Weir Ladder











Ancillary Mechanical Components

• Ancillary Systems

- Power distribution
- High-pressure / low-volume pneumatics (actuators)
- Low-pressure / high-volume pneumatics (transport)
- Chiller for temperature control

Modular Container System

- Mechanical systems pre-assembled off-site
- Arrive on site pre-tested minimizing troubleshooting
- Environmental protection with secure access





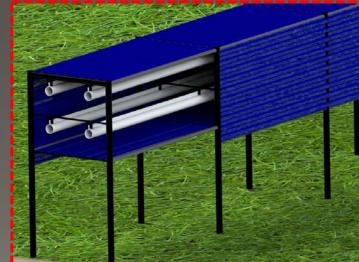


TUBE SUPPORT & PROTECTION

- Flexible Installation
 - Variable terrain
 - Light construction footprint
 - Minimal excavation & poured concrete
- Environmental Protection
- Accessible for maintenance











SAFE Survival, Reproduction, Injury, Behavior, Disease Transmission

EFFECTIVE Migration Homing Durable

TIMELY & EFFICIENT VOLITIONAL Selective Passage Time ENERGY RESERVES TRAVEL TIME DISTANCE



Key Takeaways

- Fish Friendly
- Transit time in seconds not hours or days
 - Less energy budget depletion
- ~20% of traditional capital cost (Ladder, Trap & Haul)
- 50% lower O&M costs
- Deployment time in months, not years
- Adaptation and expansion easy
- Selective passage/invasive removal possible



Steve Dearden • 425.985.3763 • <u>steve.dearden@whooshh.com</u>

Thank You

